



333 South Kirkwood Road, Suite 200  
Kirkwood, MO 63122  
Office (314) 991-4335 Fax (314) 991-4340 Exchange: 888-456-8166

**Nathan A. Mall, MD**

**Collin Magilligan, NP**

## **POSTOPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS**

### **TOTAL KNEE ARTHROPLASTY**

#### **WHAT IS NORMAL?**

- Some nausea and/or vomiting is normal after general anesthesia. We try to minimize this by giving anti-nausea medications, and having the anesthesiologists use certain medications, but it is often unavoidable in some people. If this persists for greater than 24 hours please alert our office.
  - We provide everyone with a prescription for an anti-nausea medication. This is a relatively expensive prescription, so we recommend not filling the prescription unless nausea becomes a persistent problem.
- A sudden increase in pain is common when the numbing medication wears off. This typically occurs anywhere between 6 and 24 hours after the surgery. It is impossible to predict because everyone's body metabolizes the medication differently.
  - We recommend taking some pain medication even when you are relatively comfortable as once the block or numbing medicine wears off it takes a long time to catch up to the pain. If you have some pain medicine in your system it is easier to get ahead of the pain.
  - If you have also been given an anti-itch/anti-anxiety medication (hydroxyzine). This is an adjunct to the pain medication and often helps it work better in your body.
- A fever in the first 1-2 days after surgery is common. This is related to collapse of some of the small air sacs in the lungs which triggers a fever response. The best treatment for this is deep breathing and coughing. If the fever persists beyond 48 hours after surgery or is more than 102 degrees, please call our office.

#### **DIET**

- Begin with clear liquids and light foods (jello, soups, etc.)
- Progress to your normal diet if you are not nauseated

#### **WOUND CARE**

- Maintain your operative dressing, loosen bandage if swelling of the foot and ankle occurs
- It is normal for the knee to bleed and swell following surgery – if blood soaks onto the ACE bandage, do not become alarmed – reinforce with additional dressing. You can purchase extra



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gauze or an ABD or abdominal pad at the drug store and wrap an additional ace wrap around this.

- Remove surgical dressing on the third post-operative day – if minimal drainage is present, apply band-aids or a clean dressing over incisions and change daily – you may then shave as long as the wounds remain sealed with the band-aid. Do NOT remove the little white pieces of tape over the incision. These help keep the incision from spreading. Dr. Mall closes all of his wounds using the same technique as plastic surgeons. The sutures will dissolve under the skin. You may see a small clear strand of string this is part of the skin closure and should not be pulled on or cut until seen by Dr. Mall or one of his associates. Alternatively, you may have received skin staples which also leave a very nice scar. These will be removed at your first post-operative visit.
- To avoid infection, keep surgical incisions clean and dry – you may shower by placing a large garbage bag over your brace starting the day after surgery – NO immersion of operative leg (i.e. bath)

#### MEDICATIONS

- Pain medication is injected into the wound and knee joint during surgery – this will wear off within 8-12 hours
- Most patients will require some narcotic pain medication for a short period of time – this can be taken as per directions on the bottle
- Common side effects of the pain medication are nausea, drowsiness, and constipation – to decrease the side effects, take medication with food – if constipation occurs, consider taking an over-the-counter laxative
- If you are having problems with nausea and vomiting more than what is described as normal in the first section of this document, contact the office to possibly have your medication changed (call 314-991-4335)
- Ibuprofen (i.e. Advil) or naproxen (i.e. Aleve) may be taken in between the narcotic pain medication to help smooth out the post-operative 'peaks and valleys', reduce overall amount of pain medication required, and increase the time intervals between narcotic pain medication usage.
- If you have been prescribed a medication called mobic or meloxicam, do not take additional anti-inflammatory medications such as ibuprofen or naproxen until you have completed the prescription.
- As the days progress following surgery, you can begin weaning yourself off the pain medications. Typically, patients will require pain medications every 4 hours for the first 3-4 days and then can



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begin spreading this out longer and longer. Pain medication is typically used at night for at least the first week.

- Dr. Mall has a strict policy regarding narcotic pain medication. If you still require narcotic pain medication 4 weeks after surgery you will likely be referred to a pain management physician to assist you in weaning from the medication or to your primary care physician.

#### ACTIVITY

- Elevate the operative leg to chest level whenever possible to decrease swelling. Keeping your leg above the level of your heart helps the blood travel back to your heart since you aren't using the muscles in your leg to push it back to the heart like normal.
- Do not place pillows under knees (i.e. do not maintain knee in a flexed or bent position), but rather place pillows under foot/ankle leaving the area under the knee open. This allows gravity help you get your knee straight, which is often the hardest part of knee motion to get back.
- Use crutches to assist with walking – you can bear as much weight as you can tolerate but will likely need the crutches for 1-5 days.
- Do not engage in activities which increase knee pain/swelling (prolonged periods of standing or walking) over the first 7-10 days following surgery
- Avoid long periods of sitting (without leg elevated) or long distance traveling for 2 weeks

#### BRACE (If prescribed)

- Dr. Mall typically does not use a brace following Knee Arthroplasty procedures as there is no good data in the orthopedic literature that shows its benefit. However, if you were prescribed a brace for a particular reason, follow these instructions:

#### ICE THERAPY

- Begin immediately after surgery
- Use icing machine continuously or ice packs (if machine not prescribed) every 2 hours for 20 minutes at a time every day until your first post-operative visit – remember to keep leg elevated to level of chest while icing
- If you did not get an ice machine and you must be up, then you can purchase a plastic wrap roller or just use plastic wrap from a grocery store to wrap the ice bag to your knee. This will allow you to be mobile while still icing the knee. This is how we ice all of our professional athletes after games or practices.

#### EXERCISE



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- Begin exercises 24 hours after surgery (heel slides, quad sets, ankle pumps, and straight leg raises unless otherwise instructed)
- Discomfort and knee stiffness is normal for a few days following surgery – it is safe, and, in fact, preferable to bend your knee up to 90° while lying or sitting (unless instructed otherwise by physician)
- Continuous Passive Motion (CPM) – a CPM device may be prescribed to assist you in bending your knee. This should be used 6-8 hours a day and should be set from -10 degrees to 50 degrees initially, and you should progress 5-10 degrees daily until reaching -10 – 100 degrees.
- Complete exercises 3-4 times daily until your first post-operative visit
- Do ankle pumps continuously throughout the day and wear compression stockings provided to reduce the possibility of a blood clot in your calf (extremely uncommon)
- Formal physical therapy (PT) will begin asap, either home health or out patient.

#### EMERGENCIES\*\*

- Contact Dr. Mall or his Nurse Practitioner, Collin 314-991-4335 (business hours) or if any of the following are present:
  - Painful swelling or numbness
  - Unrelenting pain
  - Fever (over 102° - it is normal to have a low grade fever for the first day or two following surgery) or chills
  - Redness around incisions
  - Color change in feet or legs
  - Continuous drainage or bleeding from incision (a small amount of drainage is expected)
  - Difficulty breathing
  - Excessive nausea/vomiting (more than described above)
- \*\*If you have an emergency after office hours or on the weekend, you have an emergency that requires immediate attention, proceed to the nearest emergency room.

#### FOLLOW-UP CARE/QUESTIONS

- Dr. Mall will call you on your first day after surgery to address any questions or concerns. If you have not been contacted within 48 hours of surgery, please call our office or send us an email at [mallteam@toc-stl.com](mailto:mallteam@toc-stl.com).
- If you have additional questions that arise at any time, or for any non-emergent questions or concerns email us at [mallteam@motionorthodocs.com](mailto:mallteam@motionorthodocs.com)



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- If you do not already have a post-operative appointment scheduled, please contact the office during normal office hours 314-336-2555 and ask for appointment scheduling. You will need to be seen between 8-14 days after surgery.